

SMART BATTERY ISOLATOR

Prevents Loads On Auxiliary Battery From Draining The Starting Battery





Description

More flexible than traditional Isolators and works with all alternator types. The Smart Battery Isolators are smaller, lighter, less heat generated. No diode efficiency losses and reduces charging system workload by not connecting auxiliary battery until primary battery is charged to 13.2V. Lower strain on expensive charging components extends their useful life. Allows bi-directional charging from alternator or from shore/ campground power charger/converter when available.

Features and Benefits

- Simple installation Connect to starting battery, auxiliary battery, and ground.
- LED status indicator.
- Optional Start Assist Momentary switch allows the auxiliary battery to assist the starting battery.

Specifications Overview

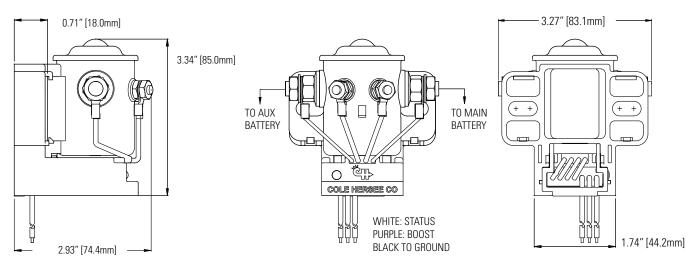
Max Input Voltage:	16V
Continuous Current:	48525 – 85A 48530 – 200A
Ingress Protection:	IP65
Vibration:	10-500Hz
Operating Temperature Range:	-40 to +85 °C

Web Resources

Download technical resources at: **littelfuse.com/SmartBatterylsolator**

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	AMPERAGE
48525	85A
48530	200A



Dimensions

Datasheet Replaces Hotfeed Number D-617



SMART BATTERY ISOLATOR

Electrical Characteristics

CHARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX	NOTES
Normal Input Voltage	9V		16V	Voltage range unit is guaranteed to function within specification.
Continuous Current 48525 48530		85A 200 A		
Connect Voltage		13.2V		After 2 minutes at this level
Disconnect Voltage		12.7V		After 1 minute at this level
Quiescent Current		5mA	8mA	Relay off, start signal input open or grounded

Environmental Specifications

PER SAE J1455	PARAMETER	NOTES
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85 °C	Operating condition
Ingress Protection	IP65	Per IEC
Humidity	0 to 90% RH	
Vibration	10-500Hz	per SAE J1455
Shock		per SAE J1455
Thermal Shock		per SAE J1455
EMI/RF		per SAE J1455 & J1113

Terminal Torque Specifications

Battery Terminals	5/16-24	50 in-lbs (5.78 Nm)
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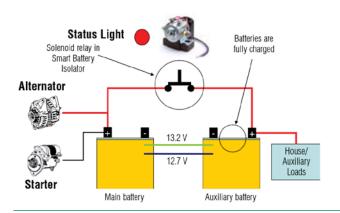
Product Datasheet



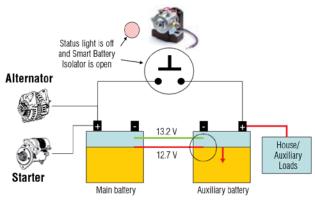
HOW A SMART BATTERY ISOLATOR WORKS

Normal Operation Sequence

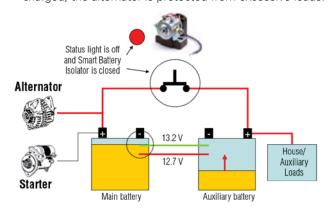
1 When the vehicle has been running, the alternator charges both battery banks through the Smart Isolator.



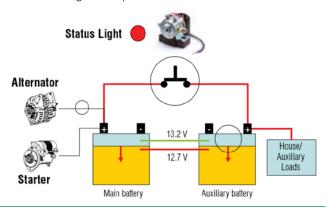
3 When batteries reach 12.7V, the Smart Battery Isolator senses it, opens the solenoid relay to separate the battery banks, and turns off the status light. This protects the starting battery while allowing the auxiliary battery to continue to power the auxiliary loads.



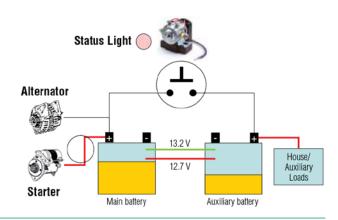
5 The engine is powering the alternator, and the starting battery has reached 13.2V. Only now does the Smart Battery Isolator reconnect, enabling the depleted auxiliary battery to be charged. By not reconnecting until the main battery is charged, the alternator is protected from excessive loads.



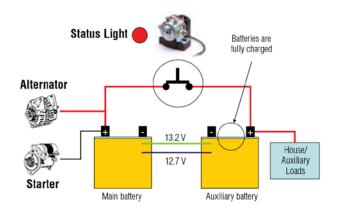
2 When the engine is turned off, the alternator no longer supplies a charge to the batteries, and the loads on the batteries begin to deplete them.



4 When the vehicle is restarted, the starting battery has enough power to crank the engine, but the auxiliary battery is significantly depleted. The Smart Battery Isolator is open and the battery banks are separated.



6 Now both batteries are charged again.

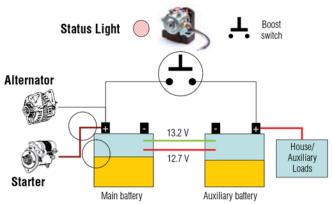




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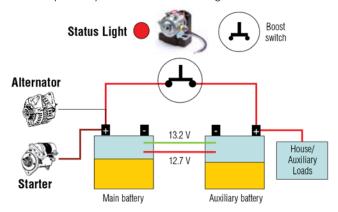
Using the Auxiliary Battery for a Start Boost

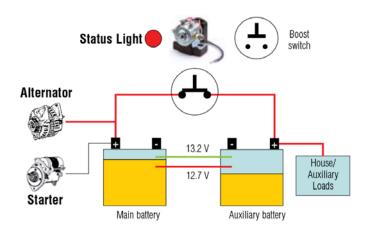
1 The main battery has been depleted and does not have enough power to start the engine. Voltage is greater than 9.5V



3 The alternator begins to charge the batteries. After one minute the Smart Battery Isolator reverts to the automatic mode. If the starting battery has not reached 13.2V, it isolates the batteries to reduce stress on the alternator. Once the main battery reaches 13.2V, it reconnects and charges the auxiliary battery.

2 The boost switch is pressed. It closes the Smart Battery Isolator solenoid for one minute. Now the power in the auxiliary battery is available for starting.





Connection Schematic

